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BEFORE THE
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                           SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD
                              STATE OF WASHINGTON
 2
    IN THE MATTER OF A CONDITIONAL
 3
    USE PERMIT GRANTED TO HOWARD
    MOE BY GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY AND
    DENIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
                                               SHB No. 78-15
 5
    ECOLOGY
    HOWARD I. MOE (Little Hoquiam
                                               ORDER OF REMAND
 6
    Boat Shop) and GRAYS HARBOR
    COUNTY,
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                        Appellants,
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9
             v.
    STATE OF WASHINGTON,
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    DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY,
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                        Respondent.
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A "Motion for Summary Judgment" in the above matter by respondent Department of Ecology came on for hearing before the Shorelines Hearings Board, Dave J. Mooney, Chairman, and Chris Smith, David A. Akana, Robert E. Beaty, and Rodney Proctor, Members, on August 7, 1978 in Lacey, Washington. Hearing examiner William A. Harrison presided.

Appellant Howard I. Moe was represented by his attorney Stanley J.

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Department of Ecology made timely "Motion for Summary Judgment" on two distinct grounds: (1) that appellant Grays Harbor County failed to comply with WAC 197-10-340 governing threshold determinations under the State Environmental Policy Act of 1971 (SEPA), 43.21C RCW and (2) that appellant's negative threshold determination was clearly erroneous.

Having heard the oral argument of counsel and having considered the following affidavits and exhibits placed before it:

- A. Affidavits of Robert V. Jensen dated July 24, 1978 and July 28, 1978.
- B. Affidavit of Pete Haskin dated August 4, 1978.
- C. Affidavit of Howard I. Moe dated August 3, 1978.
- D. Affidavit of Omar Youmans dated August 3, 1978.
- 16 E. Affidavit of Tom Mark dated August 4, 1978.
  - F. Exhibits referred to within the above Affidavits.

    and being fully advised, the Shorelines Hearings Board makes these

FINDINGS OF FACT The man and on the more

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Appellant Howard I. Moe, made application to Grays Harbor County for a shoreline conditional use permit for a substantial development under 90.58 RCW in February, 1978. The proposed development consisted of placing fill and constructing a boat shop within a 24-acre site.

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Appellant Grays Harbor County as lead agency for this proposal,
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1 issued a final Declaration of Non-Significance under SEPA, 43.21C RCW,
2 on March 30, 1978; and, on the same date, granted the Moe application
3 for a shoreline conditional use permit for a substantial development.
4 The Declaration of Non-Significance was sent to the Department of
5 Ecology after, not before, Grays Harbor County granted the shoreline
6 permit. This fact was not in issue.

III

Department of Ecology denied the shoreline conditional use permit for a substantial development on May 3, 1978. Appellants requested that the Shorelines Hearings Board review this denial. The present motion of Department of Ecology is made within that proceeding now before us.

IV

Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of Law is hereby adopted as such.

From these Findings, the Board makes these

## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The rules implementing the State Environmental Policy Act provide, at WAC 197-10-340:

. . .

- (2) The lead agency shall prepare a final declaration of nonsignificance for all proposals except for those listed in subsection (3) below.
- (3) A lead agency making a threshold determination of nonsignificance for any of the following proposals shall prepare a proposed declaration of nonsignificance, and comply with the requirements of subsection (4) through (7) below prior to taking any further action on the proposal;

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(a) Proposals which have another agency with jurisdiction, except that agencies may specify in their own agency SEPA guidelines specific situations in which written concurrence may be obtained from the other agency or agencies with jurisdiction and the proposed declaration of nonsignificance omitted and a final declaration of nonsignificance issued.

. . .

- (4) The lead agency shall issue all proposed declarations of nonsignificance by sending the proposed declaration and environmental checklist to other agencies with jurisdiction.
- (5) Any person or agency may submit written comments on the proposed declaration of nonsignificance to the lead agency within fifteen days from the date of its issuance. The lead agency shall take no further action on the proposal, which is the subject of the proposed declaration of nonsignificance, for fifteen days from the date of issuance. If comments are received, the lead agency shall reconsider its proposed declaration; however, the lead agency is not required to modify its proposed declaration of nonsignificance to reflect the comments received.
- (6) After the fifteen day time period, and after considering any comments, the lead agency shall adopt its proposed declaration as a "Final Declaration of Nonsignificance," determine that the proposal is significant, or utilize the additional information gathering mechanisms of WAC 197-10-330(1).

These rules further provide at WAC 197-10-040(4):

Agency with jurisdiction means an agency from which a nonexempt license is required for a proposal or any part thereof, which will act upon an application for a grant or loan for a proposal, or which proposes or initiates any governmental action of a project of non-project nature.

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The Department of Ecology is an agency with jurisdiction under the

27 ORDER OF REMAND

above definition, WAC 197-10-040(4), since it must make the final decision on any shoreline permit for a conditional use. RCW 90.58.140(12). Appellant, Grays Harbor County, did not comply with the applicable provisions of WAC 197-10-340 as it failed to issue a proposed declaration of nonsignificance and to thereby provide the Department of Ecology, an agency with jurisdiction, with the mandatory fifteen day period in which to file written comments prior to acting on the shoreline permit. The consequence of this failure by Grays Harbor County was both to prevent reception of Department of Ecology's comments and, further, to prevent Department of Ecology, if it disagreed with the finding of nonsignificance, from assuming lead agency status under WAC 197-10-345, which may only be accomplished within this fifteen day period. By assuming lead agency status, Department of Ecology would then be entitled to assume responsibility for the preparation of an environmental impact statement.

For these reasons, the Grays Harbor County's approval of the subject shoreline conditional use permit for a substantial development should be reversed and remanded for full compliance with the provisions of WAC 197-10-340. Nothing herein establishes that there are not other agencies with jurisdiction in addition to the Department of Ecology, under the definition of such agencies appearing at WAC 197-10-040(4) cited above.

III

Because of our conclusion that WAC 197-10-340 was violated to we not reach the question of whether the declaration of nonsignificance issued by Grays Harbor County was clearly erroneous.

IV 1 ! Any Conclusion of Law which should be deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such. From these Conclusions the Board enters this ORDER Grays Earbor County's approval of the shoreline conditional use permit for a substantial development in this matter is hereby reversed and remanded. day of August, 1978. DONE at Lacey, Washington this SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD DAVID A. AKANA, Member 

ORDER OF REMAND